

# Halton Rex REP, passive chilled beam - Technical description

# Contents

- 1 Introduction .....3
  - 1.1 Copyright and disclaimers .....3
  - 1.2 About this document .....3
  - 1.3 Summary of changes .....3
- 2 Product description .....4
  - 2.1 Overview .....4
  - 2.2 Operating principle .....5
  - 2.3 Features and options .....5
  - 2.4 Structure and materials .....8
  - 2.5 Dimensions and weight .....9
  - 2.6 Specification ..... 10
  - 2.7 Order code ..... 11
- 3 Design information ..... 12
  - 3.1 Installation ..... 12
  - 3.2 Commissioning ..... 14
  - 3.3 Maintenance ..... 15

# 1 Introduction

## 1.1 Copyright and disclaimers

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## 1.2 About this document

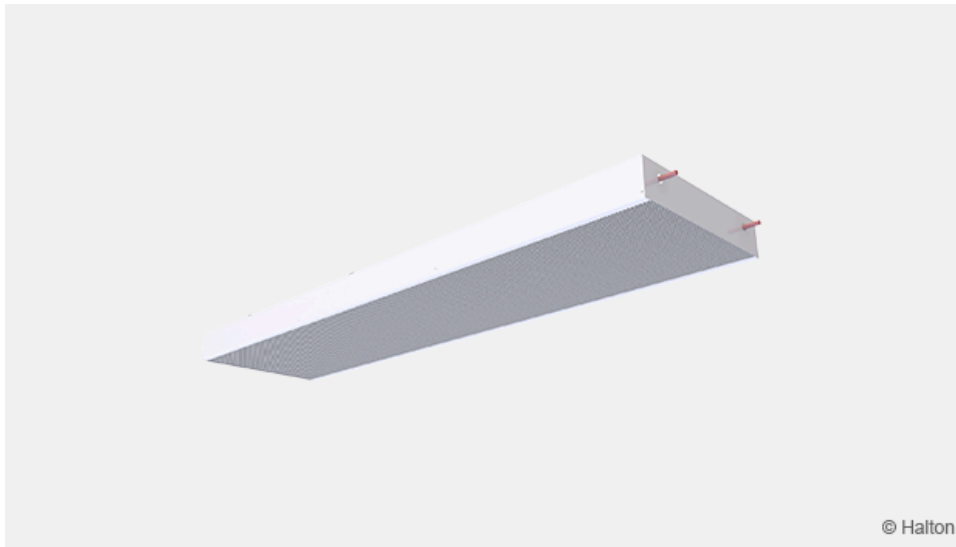
The purpose of this document is to give technical information and design examples for salespersons, technical support and designers.

## 1.3 Summary of changes

Release	Date	Description
1.2	13-FEB-2026	2.5 - Dimensions and weight - Updated weights (including water).
1.1	04-FEB-2026	2.5 - Dimensions and weight - Updated values (W and w) in the dimensions table.
1.0	19-Dec-2025	First published version

## 2 Product description

### 2.1 Overview



*Fig. 1. Halton Rex REP, Overview*

Halton Rex REP passive chilled beam utilise a modular convector design, allowing easy configuration for exposed installation with a suspended ceiling. Because they have no moving parts, it offers long maintenance intervals with low lifecycle costs, making it a cost-effective solution for long-term building operation. The design can accommodate two heights (100 mm and 300 mm) to meet demands, ensuring optimal performance in spaces with different ceiling configurations and load requirements.

This chilled beam can be configured for single- or multiple-beam control, providing flexibility in zoning and energy management. Its quiet operation makes it ideal for noise-sensitive environments. It can be delivered with a water valve and actuator, providing precise temperature regulation that harnesses energy efficiency, lowering the carbon footprint while enhancing indoor air quality and occupant wellbeing.

#### Application areas

- Office and conference rooms
- Retail
- Hotels
- Healthcare facilities

#### Key features

- Easy and fast selection with Halton eHIT design tool.
- Well suited for noise-sensitive environments
- Two heights to meet cooling demands 100 mm and 300 mm.

## 2.2 Operating principle

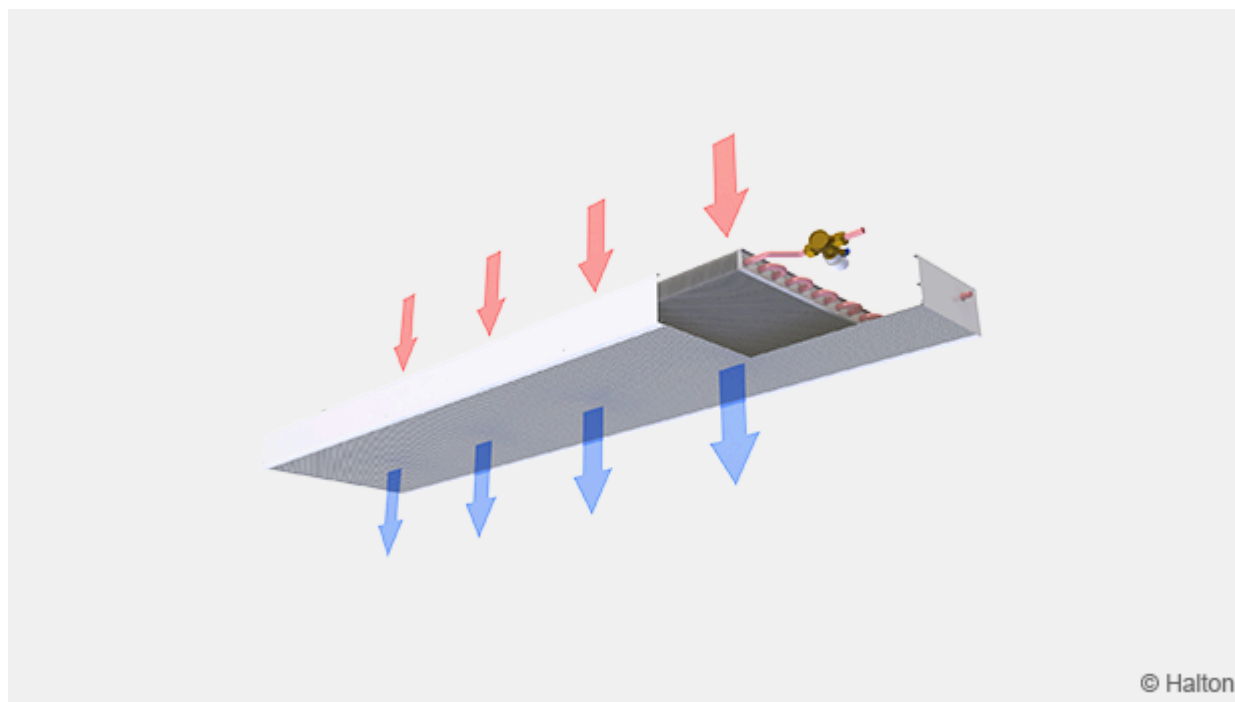


Fig. 2. Halton Rex REP, operating principle

Halton Rex REP passive chilled beam operates through natural convection, drawing warm air from the room toward the beam. As the air passes over the heat exchanger, heat is removed and replaced with cooler air, which gently circulates back into the space. The cooling airflow adjusts automatically in response to the heat load in the occupied zone, maintaining stable and comfortable room conditions.

Cooling output is controlled by regulating the flow of chilled water through the heat exchanger, typically managed by a room thermostat and water valve based on temperature demand. Because passive beams utilise elevated chilled water temperatures, they eliminate the risk of condensation (no latent cooling). Hence, they can capitalise on free-cooling opportunities while reducing energy consumption and enhancing system efficiency.

## 2.3 Features and options

Category	Option	Description	Note
Coil water pressure drop	CR=N	Normal pressure drop	Low pressure drop option (CR=L)
Location of pipe connection	WD = F	Front. For appearance options see Fig. 3	Options with or without valves
	WD = T	Top. For appearance options see Fig. 4	Options with or without valves
Control valves and actuators	CV = NA	Not assigned	-
	CV = DR1	RA-C, no actuator	-
	CV = DR2	RA-C, actuator TWA-A 24 V, NC	-

Category	Option	Description	Note
	CV = DR3	RA-C, actuator TWA-A 230 V, NC	-
	CV = DA1	AB-QM, no actuator	-
	CV = DA2	AB-QM, actuator TWA-A 24 V, NC	-
	CV = DA3	AB-QM, actuator TWA-A 230 V, NC	-
Visual appearance	VA = SF	Square edge with front panel. For appearance options see Fig. 5	Selected options have the same performance data and dimensions.
	VA = SN	Square edge without front panel. For appearance options see Fig. 6	

### Location of pipe connection

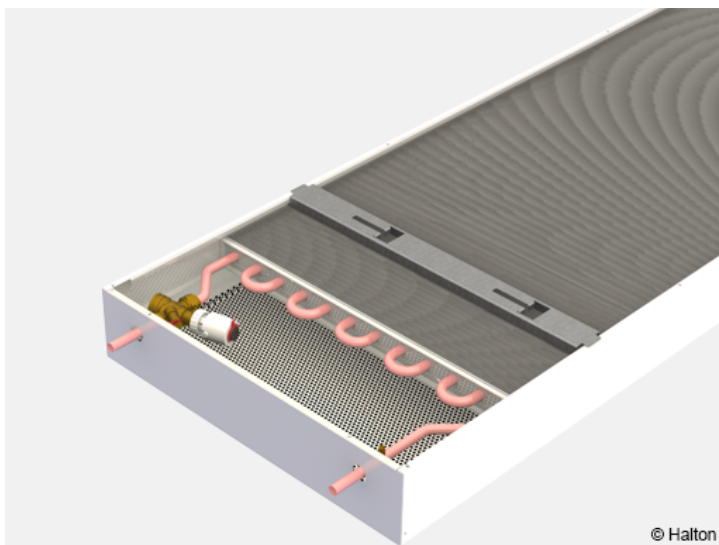
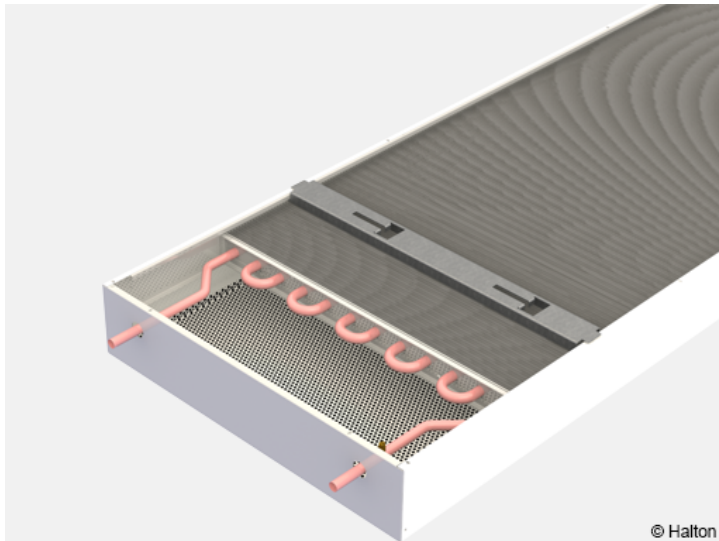


Fig. 3. Halton Rex REP, front pipe connection (WD=F) with and without valve

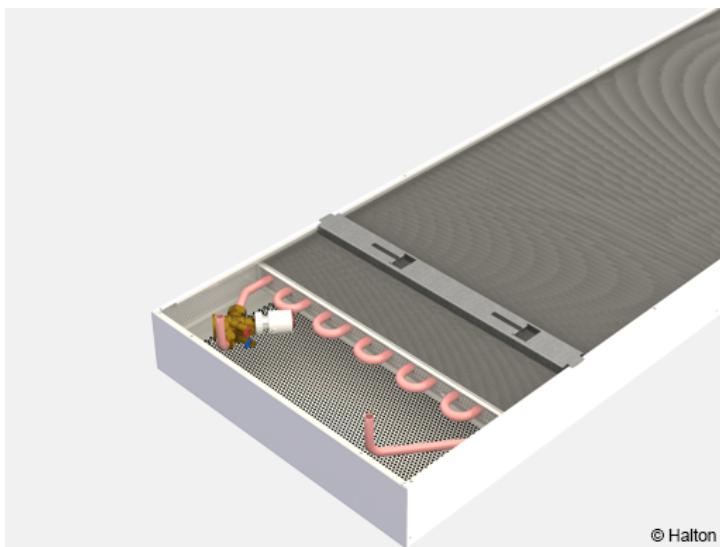
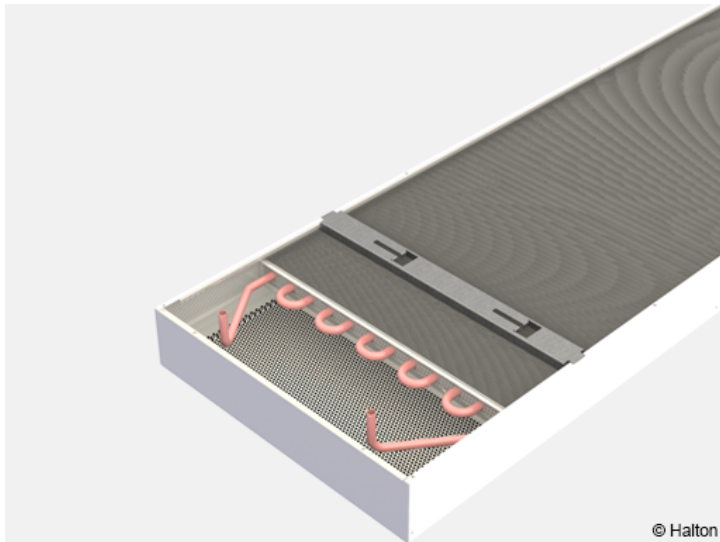


Fig. 4. Halton Rex REP, top pipe connection ( $WD=T$ ) with and without valve

#### Visual appearance

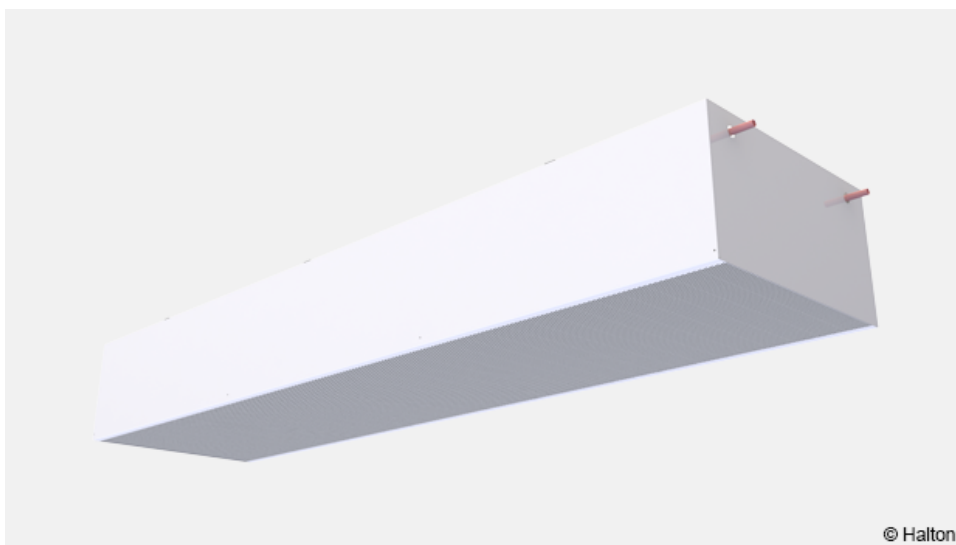
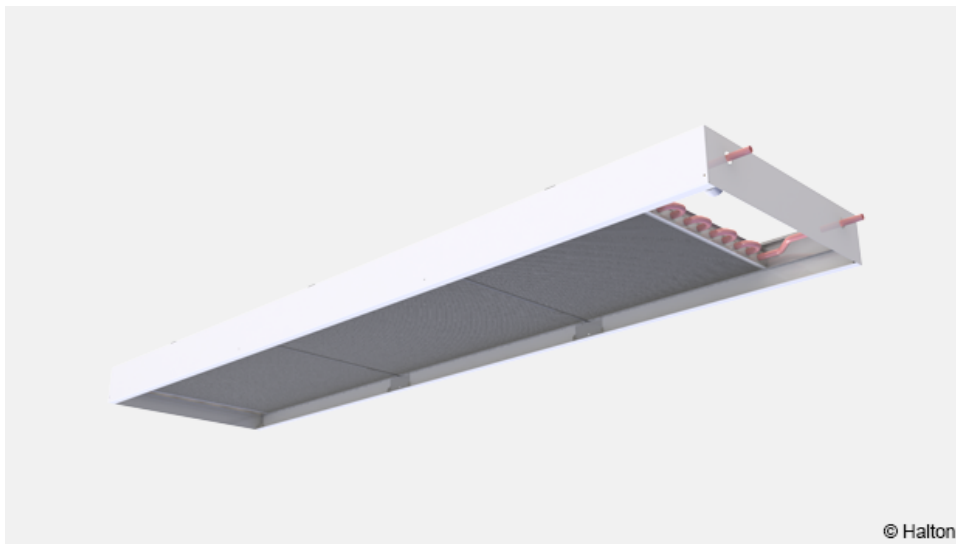


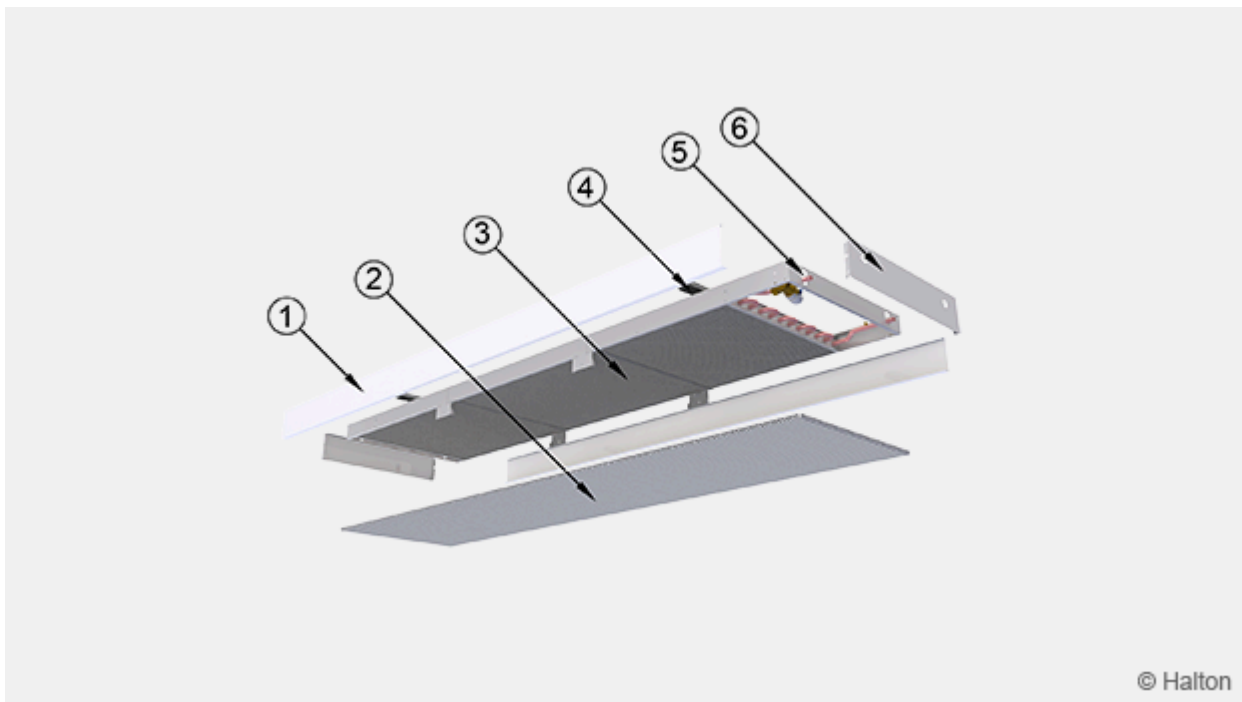
Fig. 5. Halton Rex REP, model as 300 mm height ( $VA=SF$ )



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Fig. 6. Halton Rex REP, model as 100 mm height and no performance (VA=SN)

## 2.4 Structure and materials



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Fig. 7. Halton Rex REP, passive chilled beam structure

No.	Part	Material	Description	Note
1	Side flanges	Sheet metal	Painted	-
2	Perforated front panel	Sheet metal	Painted	-
3	Cooling fins	Aluminium	-	-
4	Movable brackets	Sheet metal	Painted	-
5	Cooling pipes	Copper	-	Ø 15 mm



No.	Part	Material	Description	Note
6	End cap	Sheet metal	Painted	-

## 2.5 Dimensions and weight

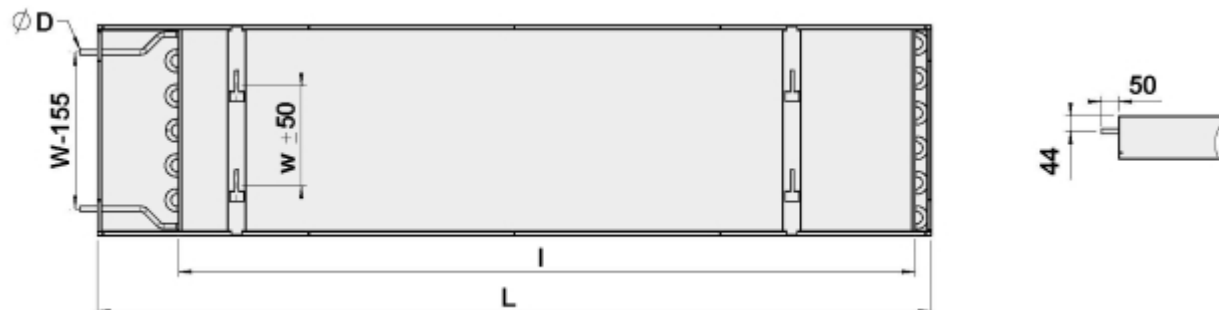


Fig. 8. Halton Rex REP, dimensions with pipe location in front (WD=F)

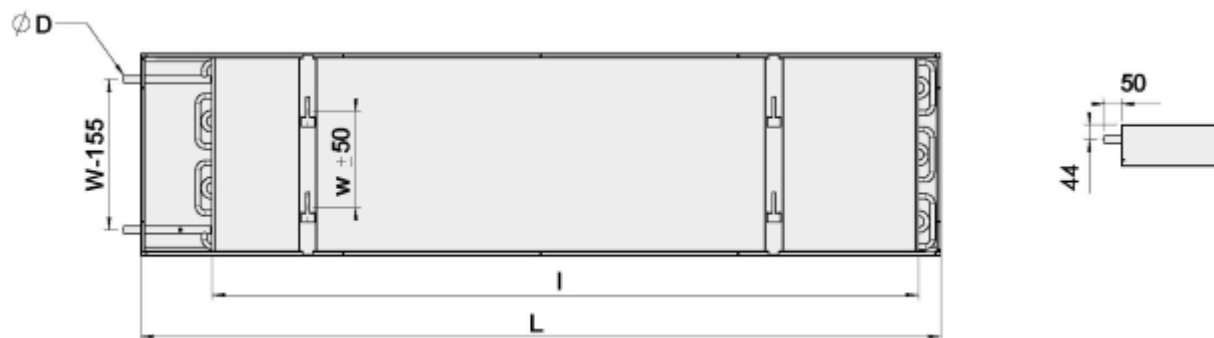


Fig. 9. Halton Rex REP, dimensions with pipe location in front and normal water pressure drop (WD=F, CR=L)

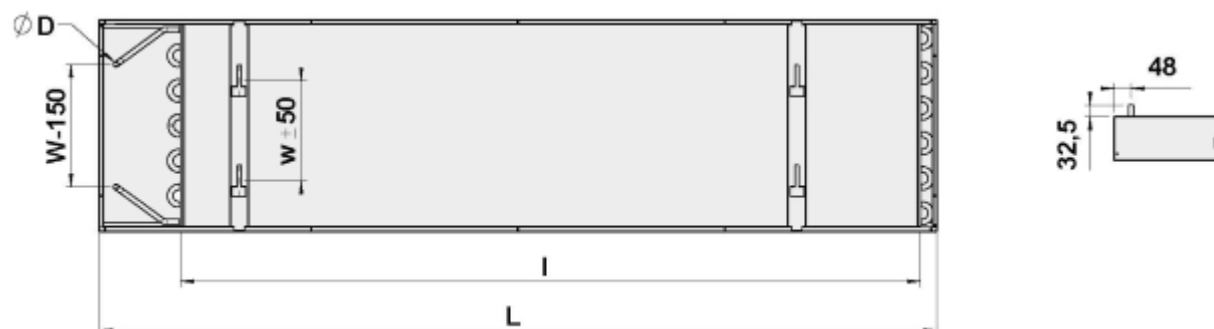


Fig. 10. Halton Rex REP, dimensions with pipe location on top (WD=T)

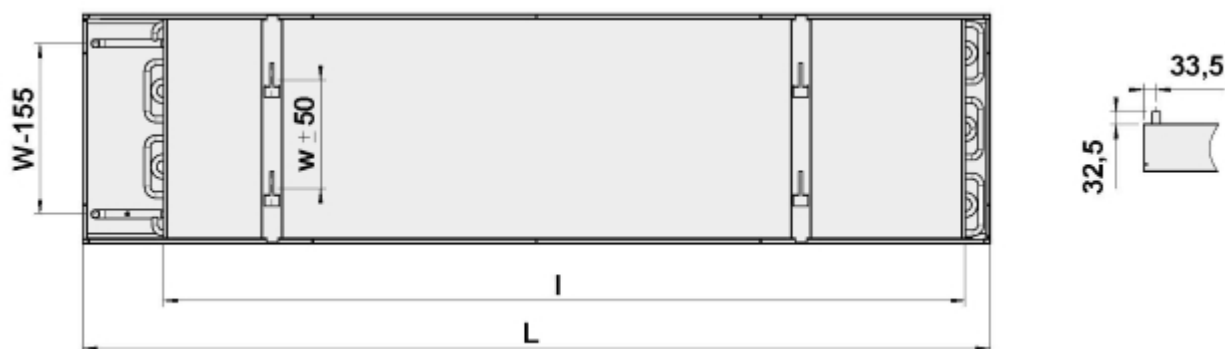


Fig. 11. Halton Rex REP, dimensions with pipe location on top and low water pressure drop (WD=T, CR=L)

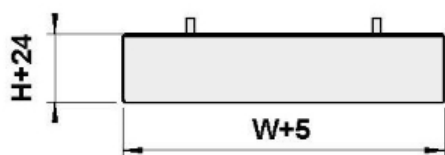


Fig. 12. Halton Rex REP, side view dimensions

W	H	w	L	I
300	100	128	1200-4200	L-300
400	100	178	1200-4200	L-300
600	100	286	1200-4200	L-300
300	300	128	1200-4200	L-300
400	300	178	1200-4200	L-300
600	300	286	1200-4200	L-300

A coil with 1 loop has a connection pipe Ø15 mm and 2 loops has a connection pipe Ø 22 mm.

**Weights, [kg/m] (including water)**

Width	Height [100 mm]	Height [300 mm]
300	9.36	12.54
400	11.19	14.54
600	13.56	17.25

## 2.6 Specification

### Function

- The passive chilled beam relies on natural convection, where warm air rises to the beam, which is cooled at the heat exchanger and descends back to the occupied zone.
- Passive chilled beams eliminate the risk of condensation (no latent cooling) because they utilise elevated chilled water temperatures.

### Structure

- The unit is a passive chilled beam for exposed installation with suspended ceiling.
- The maximum chilled water pipe working operating pressure is 1.0 MPa.
- The design can accommodate two heights, 100 mm and 300 mm.
- The chilled beam can be equipped with water valves, actuators and cable tray (optional).
- The chilled beam is constructed with metal casing (usually steel and/or aluminium)
- The chilled beam is mounted using threaded drop rods (8 mm) and movable brackets.

### Materials

- The front panel and side panels consist of a pre-painted galvanised steel plate (white, RAL 9003 (20%

gloss).

- Special colours (RAL xxxx) are available to paint all visible parts.
- The heat exchanger is constructed from aluminium fins and copper connection pipes with Ø15 mm.
- The modular perforated screen (holes 10 mm / 50% free area) is produced in pre-painted sheet metal, RAL 9003 (20% gloss).
- All joints are fully soldered and factory pressure tested.

### Packaging and transport

- A removable plastic coating protects each chilled beam.
- The duct connection and pipe ends are sealed for transit.
- Each passive chilled beam is identifiable by a serial number printed on a label attached to the chilled beam.

## 2.7 Order code

REP-H-L-W; WD-CR-VA-CV-CO-ZT

Main options	
H = Height [mm]	100, 300
L = Length [mm]	1200, +600, ..., 4200
W = Width [mm]	300, 400, 600

Other options and accessories	
WD = Location of pipe connection	
F	Front
T	Top
CR = Coil water pressure drop	
N	Normal
L	Low
VA = Visual appearance	
SF	Square edge with front panel
SN	Square edge without front panel
CV = Control valves and actuators	
NA	Not assigned
DR1	RA-C, no actuator
DR2	RA-C, actuator TWA-A 24 V, NC
DR3	RA-C, actuator TWA-A 230 V, NC

Other options and accessories	
DA1	AB-QM, no actuator
DA2	AB-QM, actuator TWA-Q 24 V, NC
DA3	AB-QM, actuator TWA-Q 230 V, NC
CO = Colour	
SW	Signal white (RAL 9003)
X	Special colour (RAL xxxx)
ZT = Tailored product	
N	No
Y	Yes (ETO)

Order code example
REP-100-2400-400; WD=F, CR=N, VA=SF, CV=NA, CO=SW, ZT=N

## 3 Design information

### 3.1 Installation

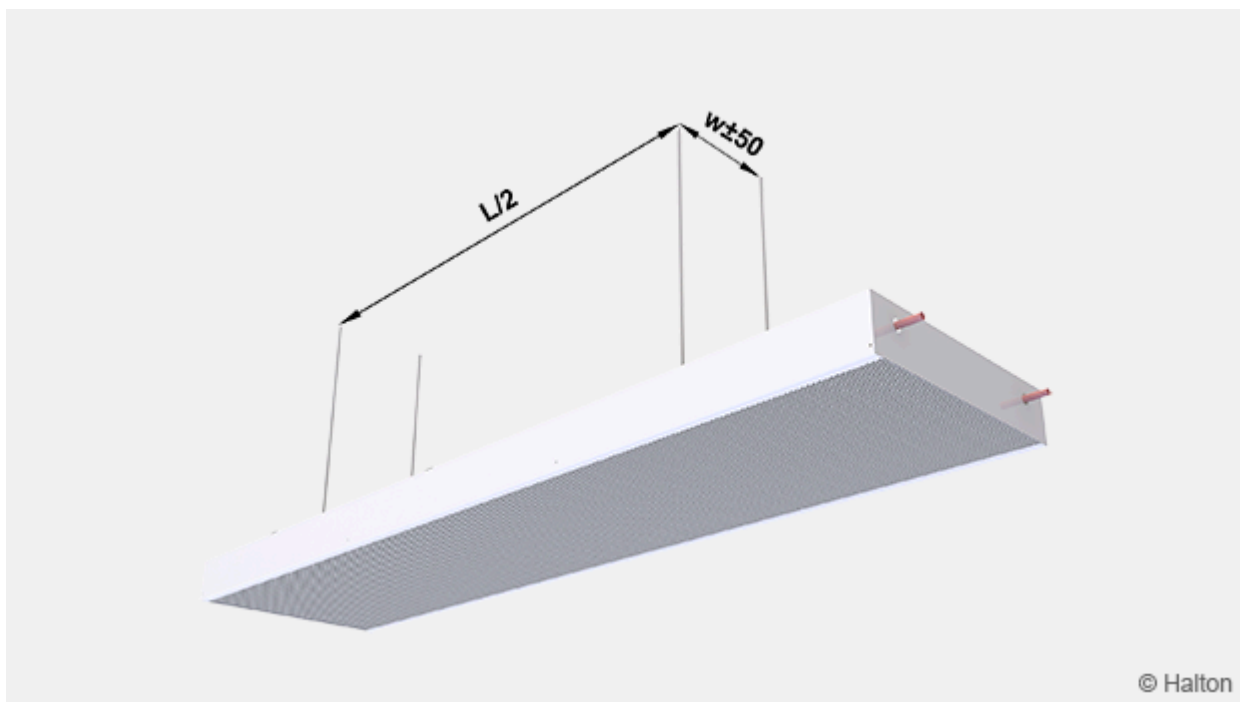


Fig. 13. Halton Rex REP, length less than 2400 mm

The Halton Rex REP passive chilled beam is modular convector design, allowing easy configuration for exposed installation with a suspended ceiling. The chilled beam position can be easily adjusted both horizontally and vertically.

When selecting of the chilled beam orientation, the location of the water circuit connections are taken into

account.

Each beam is equipped with movable brackets fixed on top of the beam and fixed to the ceiling with expansion anchors and threaded drop rods (8 mm, not included in the delivery).

It is recommended that the brackets be positioned one quarter of the unit length ( $L/4$ ) away from the ends of the beam with 2 brackets option.

With 3 brackets option, it is recommended position two of them one fifth of the unit length ( $L/5$ ) away from the ends of the beam. The third bracket is recommended to locate in the middle of beam ( $L/2$ ).

Beam length [mm]	No. of brackets
< 2400	2
$\geq 2400$	3

The exact positions of the brackets are adjusted according to the rod position.

W [mm]	w [mm]
300	128
400	178
600	286

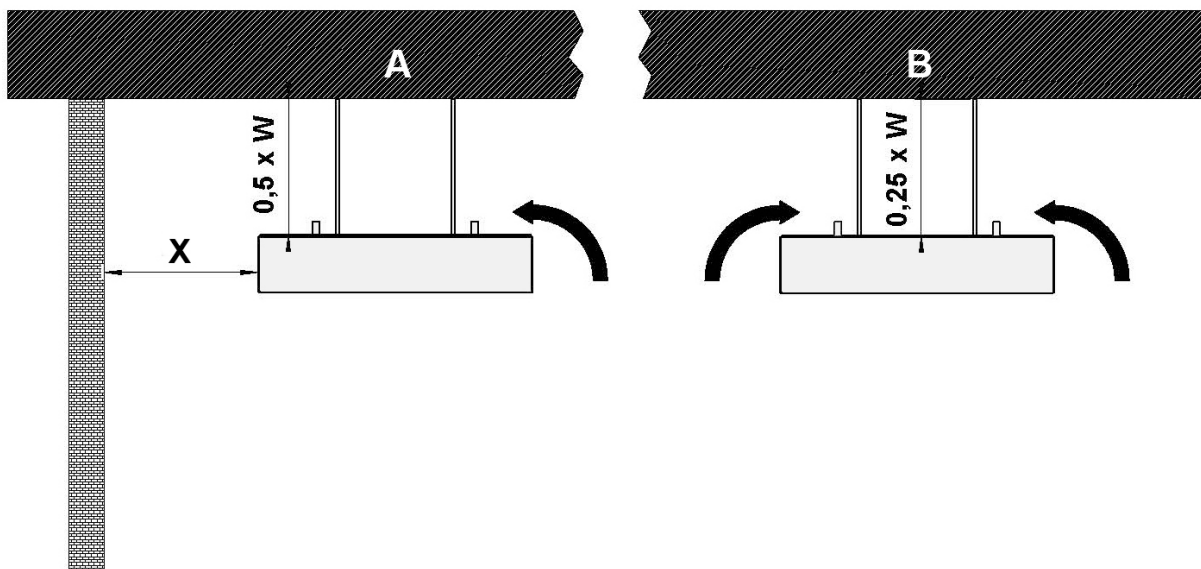


Fig. 14. Halton Rex REP, installation distance from ceiling

A	Chilled beam installed close wall: Distance (X) same as the width of beam or less, airflow mainly in one direction.
B	Chilled beam installed further from walls: Airflow from both directions.

A = Chilled beam installed close wall: Distance (X) same as the width of beam or less, airflow mainly in one direction.

B = Chilled beam installed further from walls: Airflow from both directions.

To ensure effective convection, the beam should be installed:

1. **Close to the wall** (see Fig. 13-A)
  - Distance from the ceiling: Minimum = width of chilled beam x 0.50
  - Distance from the wall: Same as the width of beam or less
2. **Further from walls** (see Fig.13-B)
  - Distance from the ceiling: Minimum = width of chilled beam x 0.25
  - Distance from the wall: Width of beam or more
  - Airflow from both directions

## 3.2 Commissioning

The following are the standard practices for commissioning the chilled beam:

1. **Fill up and flush the main pipelines**
  - This involves filling the system's main water pipelines with clean water and flushing out any debris, air, or contaminants that may be present. It ensures the system starts with clean water and prevents blockages or damage to components.
2. **Fill up and vent the beam circuits**
  - Fill each chilled beam circuit with water and vent it to remove trapped air. Air pockets can hinder water flow and reduce cooling efficiency, so venting ensures proper circulation.
3. **Adjust the flow water temperature set point**
  - Set the desired temperature for the water circulating through the system. The temperature set point affects the cooling performance and energy efficiency of the chilled beams.
1. **Adjust water flow rates with the balancing valves in all main pipelines to the correct value**
  - Balancing valves are used to regulate and equalise water flow across the system. Adjusting them ensures that each part of the system receives the correct flow rate, which is crucial for consistent performance.
2. **Adjust water flows in all chilled beams to the correct value**
  - Each chilled beam must receive the appropriate water flow to function optimally. This step involves fine-tuning individual beam valves to match design specifications, ensuring uniform cooling across the space.

### 3.3 Maintenance

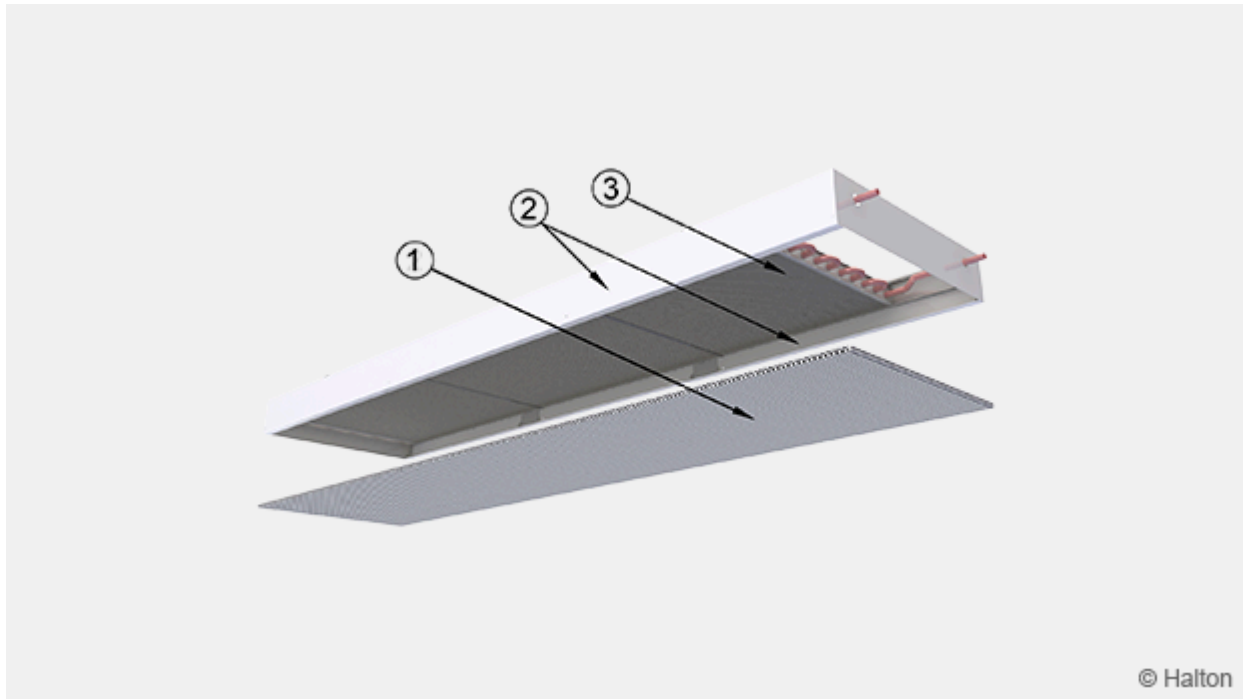


Fig. 15. Halton Rex REP passive chilled beam – Maintenance

No.	Parts
1	Front panel
2	Casing
3	Cooling coil

- **Minimal maintenance required:** The unit is designed for low maintenance and long-term reliability.
- **Cooling coil cleaning:** Depending on room conditions and air quality, clean the cooling coils every 3 to 5 years.
- **Cleaning the casing:** Wipe the outer casing with a damp cloth to remove dust and surface dirt.
- **Cleaning the cooling coil:** Use a vacuum cleaner to gently remove dust and debris from the coil, avoiding damage to the fins.